

4.6 Others

4.6.1 E-mail

(1) Major check points for E-mail address

Table 4.6.1 shows the major check points for E-mail addresses when the Procedure Specifications states that "It should be according to the format of the E-mail address."

Table 4.6.1 Major Check Points for E-mail Address

Item No.	Check points
1	At Mark "@" is 1 (there should be at mark "@" without fail).
2	Period "." should not be consecutively placed.
3	There should be no Period "." input before and after At Mark "@".
4	Period "." should not be input in front or at the end.
5	Input should be made before and after At Mark "@".
6	Comma ",", should not be input.

(2) E-mail transmission

In NACCS, in some procedures, E-mail will be sent in response to normal termination of those procedure processing to the E-mail address input by the user.

Figure 4.6.1 shows an example of E-mail transmission.

In addition, refer to "Table A6-7 Subjected Procedure List" for subjected procedure which transmits E-mails in the process shown in Figure 4.6.1.

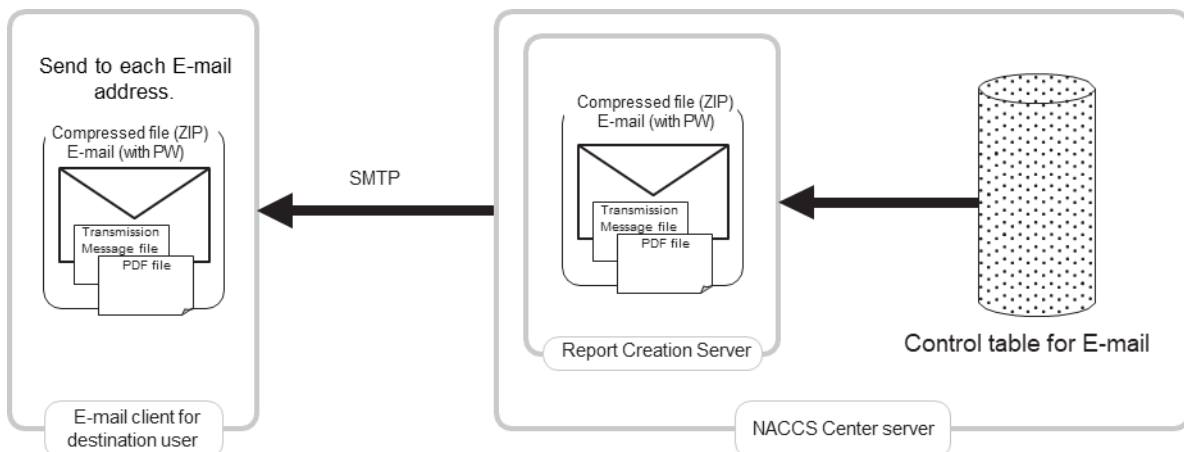


Figure 4.6.1 Outline of E-mail Transmission

(3) Information transmitted by E-mail

Table 4.6.2 shows information transmitted by E-mail.

In addition, for procedure to transmit E-mails, refer to "Table A6-7 Subjected Procedure List". Also, for information transmitted by each E-mail, refer to the "Procedure Specifications" for a procedure which are specified in "Table A6-7 Subjected Procedure List" as the procedure which transmits E-mails.

Table 4.6.2 Information Transmitted by E-mail

Item No.	Information name	Attribute	Byte	Details of output
1	Destination	sn	70	Max 5 destinations (The number of destinations which can be input is according to the Procedure Specifications)
2	Subject	j	60	Refer to the "Procedure Specifications."
3	E-mail body	j	300	Refer to the "Procedure Specifications."
4	Compressed file name	an	60	Refer to the "Procedure Specifications."
5	Compressed password	an	12*	Refer to the "Procedure Specifications."
6	PDF file name	j	50	Refer to the "Procedure Specifications."
7	PDF file	-	-	Refer to the "Procedure Specifications."
8	Transmission Message file name	an	30	Refer to the "Procedure Specifications."
9	Transmission Message file	-	-	Refer to the "Procedure Specifications."

(Note) The compressed password (9 bytes to 12 bytes) is set by respective procedure specifications.

Note that the password assignment rules will be notified separately.

4.6.2 Attachment file

(1) Extension

The following shows available extensions.

- (A) Text data
 - TEXT Format (extension: txt)
 - Microsoft Word Format (should not include execution modules such as macro) (extension: doc, docx)
 - Microsoft PowerPoint Format (should not include execution modules such as macro) (extension: ppt, pptx)
 - XML Format (extension: xml)
 - HTML Format (extension: htm, html)
 - Rich Text Format (extension: rtf)
 - JustSystem Ichitaro Format (extension: jtd)
- (B) Spreadsheet data
 - Microsoft Excel Format (should not include execution modules such as macro) (extension: xls, xlsx)
 - CSV Format (extension: csv)
- (C) Image data
 - JPEG Format (extension: jpeg, jpe, jpg)
 - TIFF Format (extension: tif, tiff)
 - Windows Bitmap Format (extension: bmp)
 - GIF Format (extension: gif)
 - PDF Format (extension: pdf)
 - PNG Format (extension: png)
- (D) Others
 - Procedure for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act application form format (extension: jet)

(2) File name and format

If at all possible, the name of files to be transmitted should be named so that the receiver can analogize contents.

(A) When carrying out MSX, MSY01, MSF01 or MSH01 procedure

The following shows characters available for file names.

- One-byte alphanumeric characters (capital letter, lowercase letter)
- Hyphen
- Underscore
- Period (only for extension)
- Two-byte characters should comply with JIS X 0208:1997. Users can only use JIS Level 1 and Level 2 Chinese Character.

(B) When carrying out procedures other than MSX, MSY01, MSF01 and MSH01

Characters available for file names should be equivalent with the character code system used for outbound messages (Process Request Messages). (For more details, refer to "3.6.1.1 Encoded characters used in outbound messages (Process Request Messages)."

However, note that when operating, use characters that can be used as Windows file names.

(3) Character code used for file name

(A) When carrying out MSX, MSY01, MSF01 or MSH01 procedure

The following shows character codes available for file names.

1) When only ASCII is used for file names

Encoding is not necessary.

2) When Japanese is used for file names

File names should be encoded with B encode mode (BASE64). Character code used for encoding Japanese file names should be ISO-2022-JP.

(B) When carrying out procedures other than MSX, MSY01, MSF01 and MSH01

The following shows character codes available for file names.

1) When only ASCII is used for file names

Encoding is not necessary.

2) When Japanese is used for file names

File names should be encoded with B encode mode (BASE64). Any of the following character codes should be used for encoding Japanese file names.

- EUC-JP
- ISO-2022-JP
- Shift_JIS
- UTF-8

(4) Garbled characters in file name

For file names of attachment files, due to the fact that a mixture of two-byte and one-byte characters is allowed and that undefined areas for two-byte characters use platform-dependent characters, even within JISX 0208 : 1997, depending on the user gateway computer models, there is a possibility that garbled characters, etc. may be generated and/or receivers cannot correctly read the file names of attachment files.

(5) File name length

The file name length of an attachment file must be 190 bytes or less. Refer to the "Procedure Specifications" because some procedures require a file name length shorter than 190 bytes.