

5. Destination Control

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5.1 Outline of Destination Control

Destination control is a function which uses a destination control table which corresponds to a combination of the output pattern of the processing result messages and the processing mode (interactive, e-mail), and stores the processing result messages in the file exchange block according to the destination designated by each input terminal, user code, and output information code.

In NACCS, output pattern of the processing result message has 3 types, INQ type, EXZ type, and EXC type. These patterns are called the Message Destination Control Format.

Figure 5.1.1 shows an example of 3 output patterns when a customs broker carries out "Import declaration (IDC)." In addition, Figure 5.1.2 shows the schematic diagram of destination control process.

(Note) For the printing method of processing result message (for printer), which is used by users who only use WebNACCS processing mode, refer to the "Operation Manual for WebNACCS."

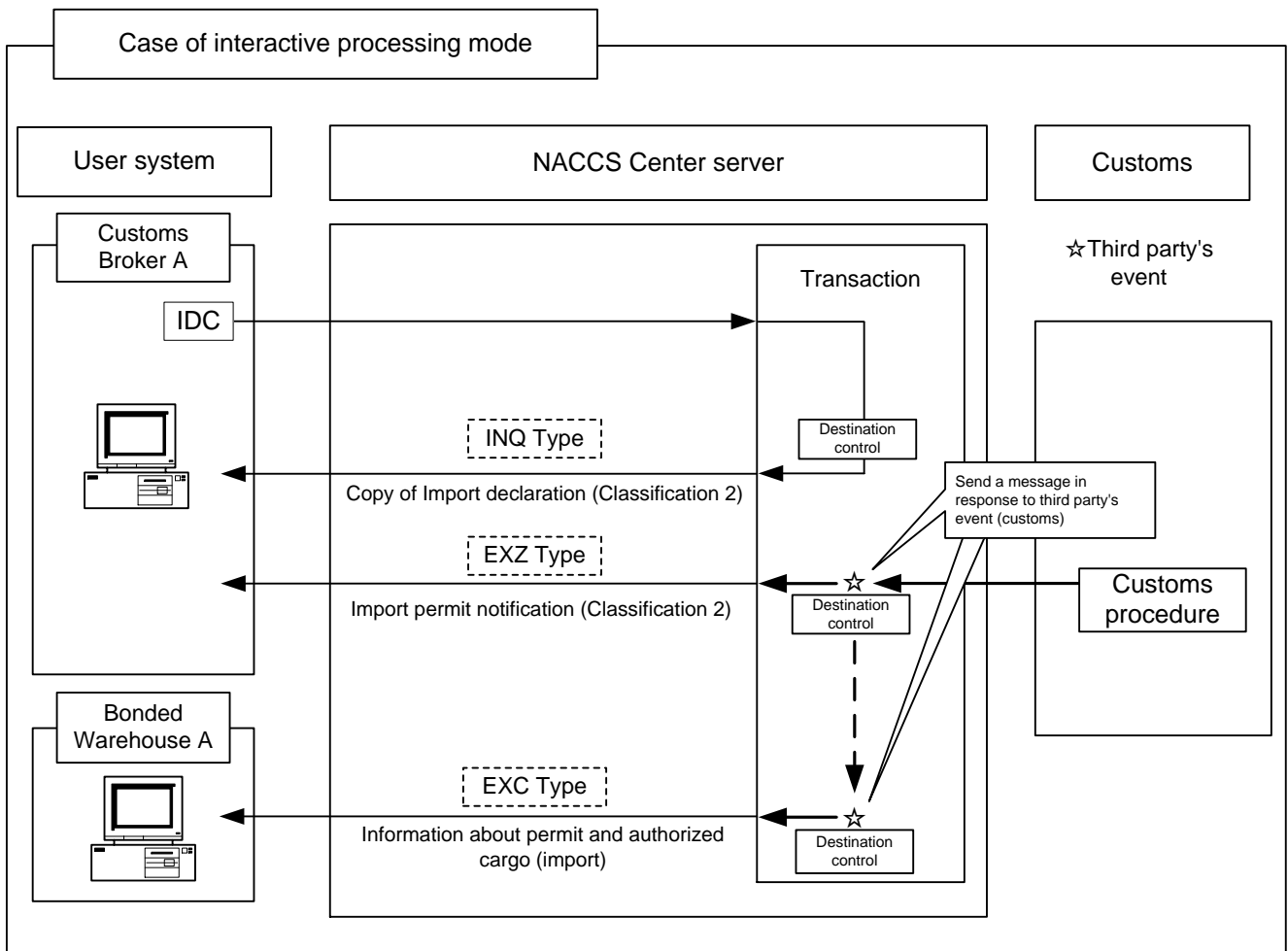


Figure 5.1.1 Example of Output Patterns of Processing Result Messages

- INQ type: A processing result message (copy of Import declaration) is immediately output to the user who sends a processing request message (the user computer of Customs Broker A).
- EXZ type: A processing result message (import permit notification) is output to the user who send a processing request message (the user computer of Customs Broker A) in response to a third party event (completion of customs inspection).
- EXC type: A processing result message (information about permit and authorized cargo (import)) is output to the user (the user computer of Bonded Warehouse A) who is different from the user who send a processing request message (Customs Broker A) in response to a third party event (completion of customs inspection).

(Note 1) When a Peer to Peer connection or router connection is used as the connection method, "User Computer" refers to a *computer* (each logical terminal name). In the case of a gateway connection (SMTP two-way), "user computer" refers to the user's SMTP server (each mail address).

(Note 2) For e-mail style processing mode, all "user computers" should be read as "mailbox for incoming messages".

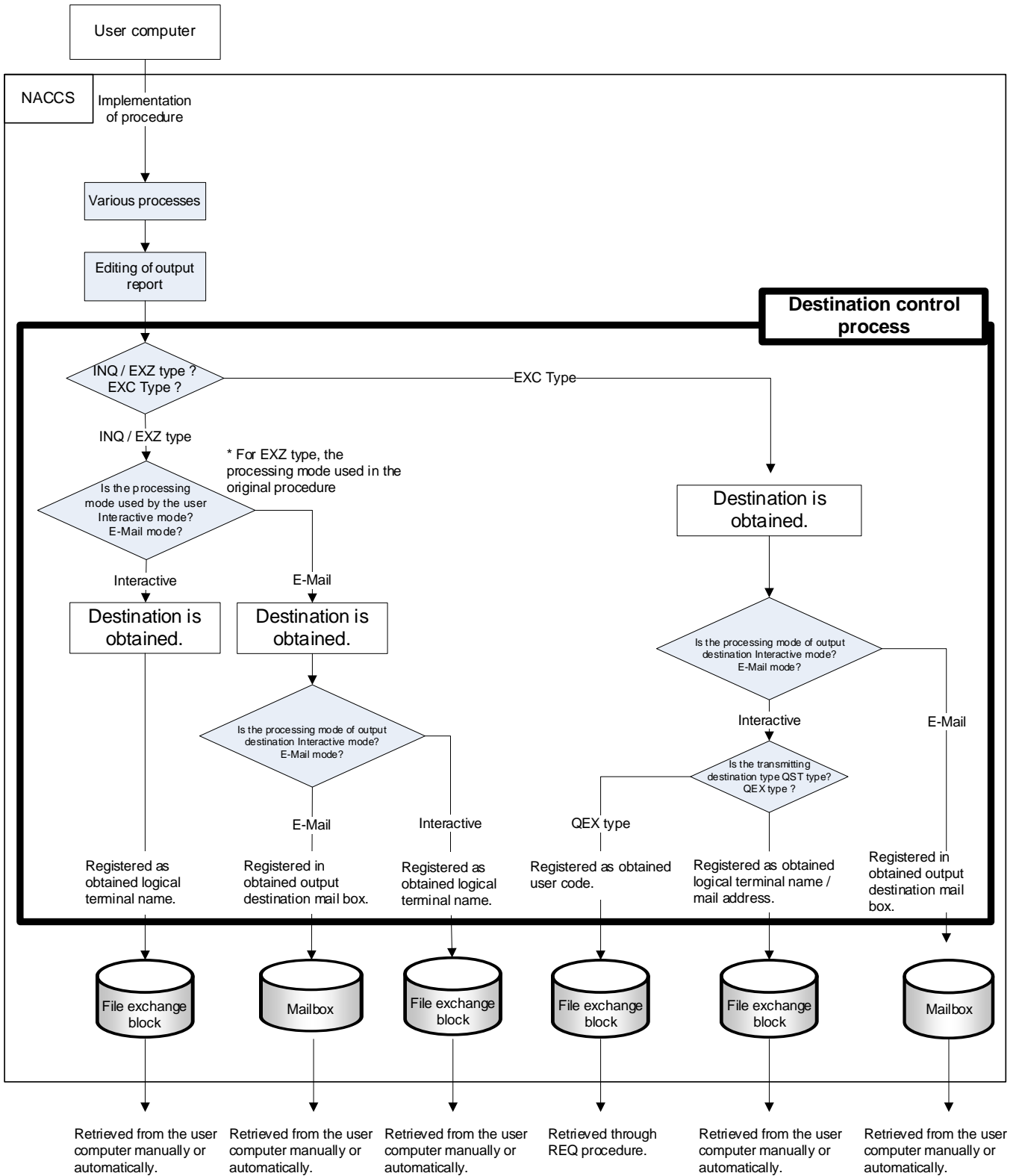


Figure 5.1.2 Schematic Diagram of Destination Control Process